

Workforce Focus

From the Elgin, Middlesex, Oxford, Local Training Board.

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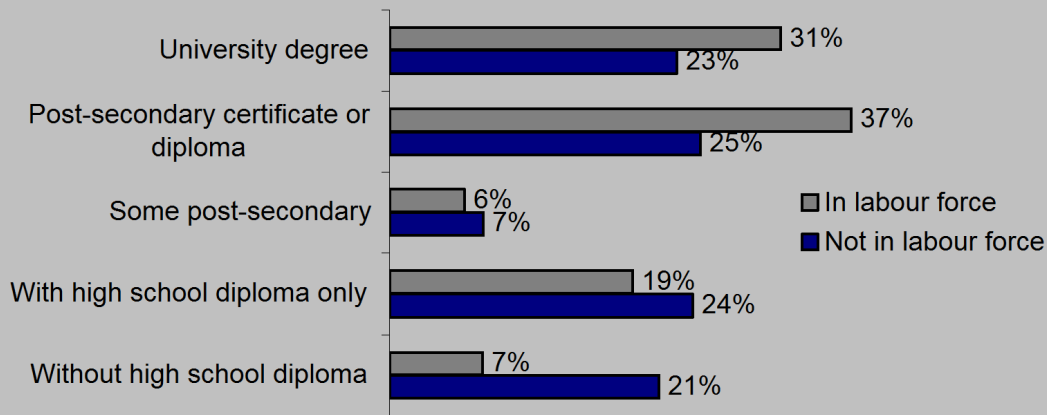
Labour Force Participation

- Non-participant education levels
- Rates by population groups

Labour force participants are those age fifteen and older who are employed or are actively seeking employment.

Educational Compositions

Share of populations in and out of the labour force by highest educational attainment
Ages 25-54, Ontario 2008



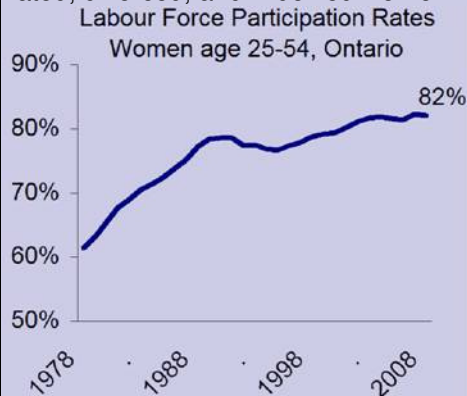
Though the education level of non-participants is collectively lower than that of labour force participants, the population outside of the labour force is becoming higher educated. From 1998 to 2008, the share of non-participants with a university degree increased by 10%, while the share without a high school diploma decreased by 10%. However, the greatest variance between participants and non-participants remains in the share without a high school diploma.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Statistics Canada, 2008

Groups in Focus

Women

Except for a brief period during the recession of the early 1990s when their participation rate stalled around 75%, the proportion of women in Ontario's labour force grew steadily until 2004. Since then, rates have hovered around 82%. Recently slight gains in the share of married or common-law women participating have been offset by drops in the share of single, separated, divorced, and widowed women.



Source: Luffman, Perspectives on Labour and Income, Statistics Canada, September 2006.

People with Disabilities

In 2006, 44% of people with disabilities in Canada were not in the labour force compared to 20% of people without disabilities. Progress towards inclusion may actually have declined as only 65% of workers with disabilities who felt they required a job redesign had received one in 2006 compared to 80% in 2001. The provision of human support also declined from 83% to 56% over this period.

Participation rates by Disability

Hearing	64%
Seeing	50%
Communication	38%
Mobility	54%
Agility	53%
Pain	60%
Learning	48%
Memory	40%
Developmental	33%
Psychological	45%

Source: Participation and Activity Limitation Survey, Statistics Canada, 2006.

Older Participants

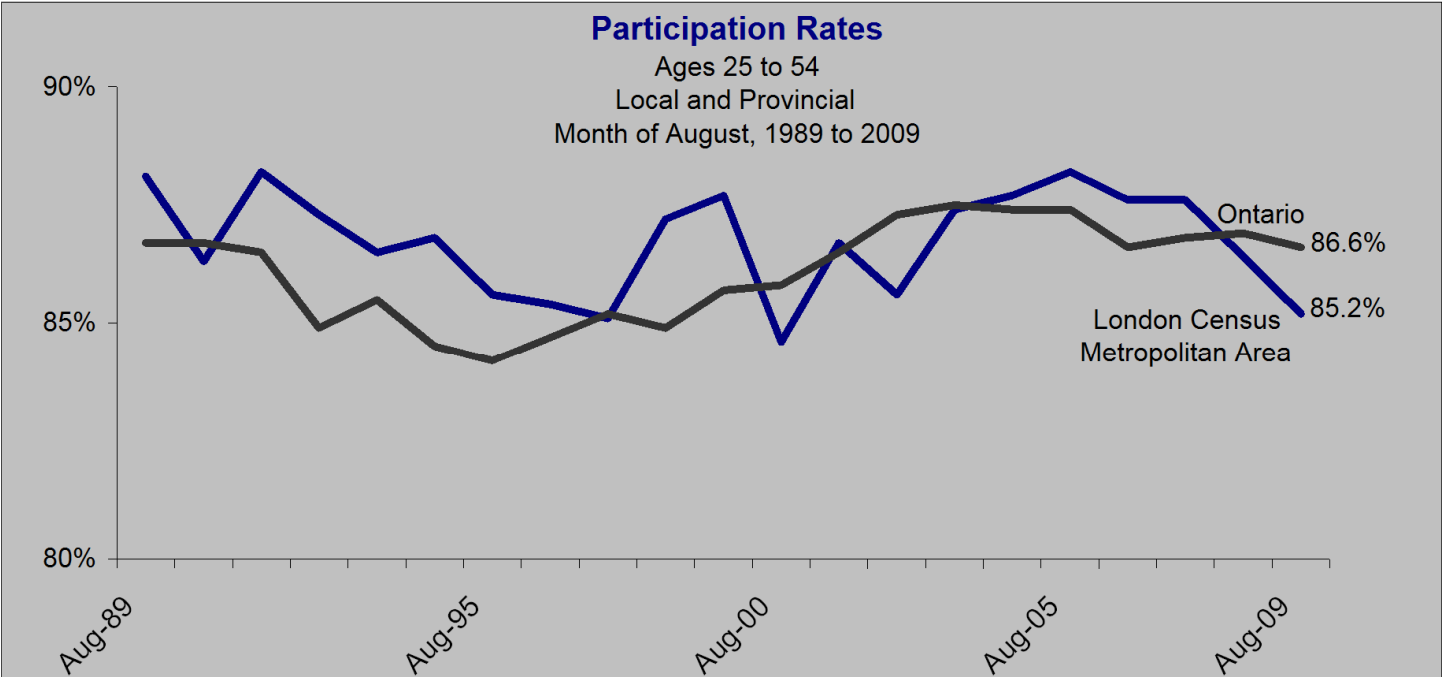
The share of Ontario's population over age 55 participating in the labour force increased by 10% from 1998 to 2008. A large generation of women with higher rates of participation than their predecessors are reaching near-retirement age and subsequently raising the participation rate of the population over age 55. Increasing levels of educational attainment among older workers is also a contributor as higher credentials translate to higher participation rates.



Source: Marshall & Ferrao, Perspectives on Labour and Income, Statistics Canada, August 2007

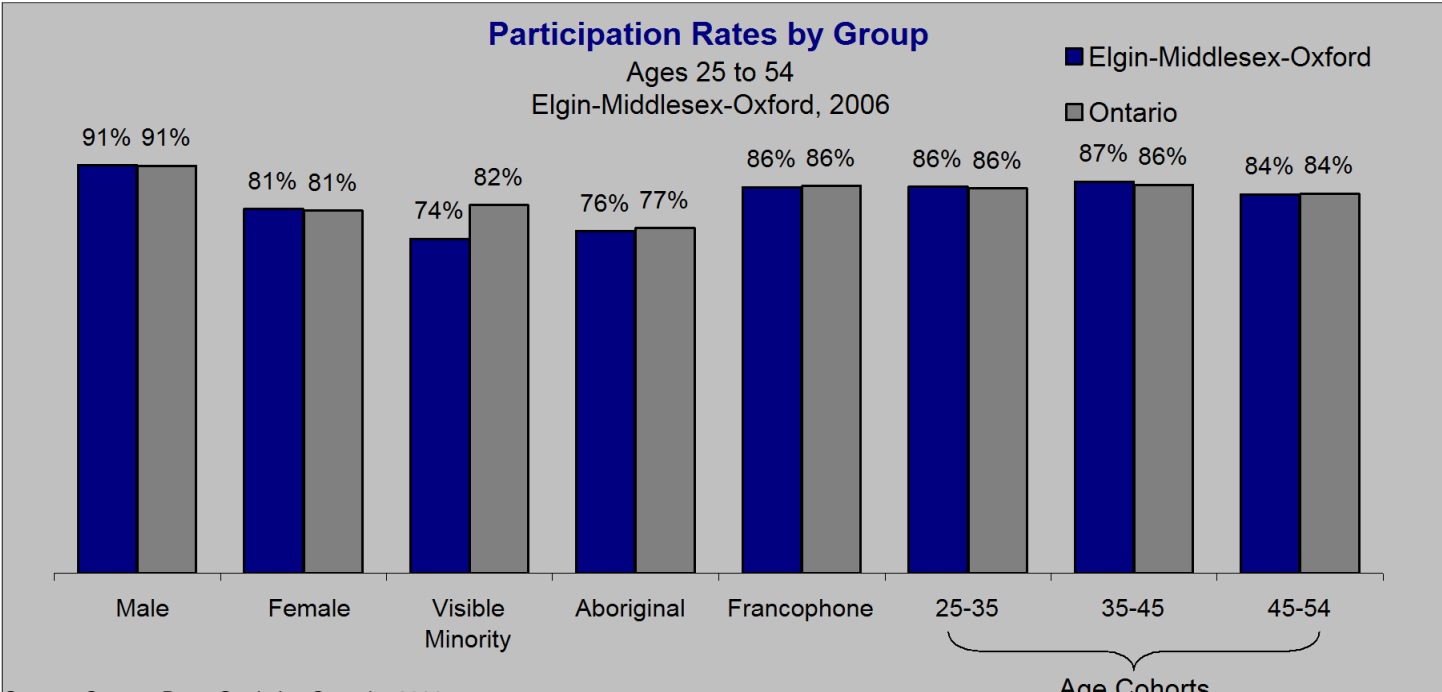


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Source: Labour Force Survey, Statistics Canada, 2009

Having surpassed the provincial average for most of the past twenty years, the local labour force participation rate has recently dipped to slightly below over the past two years. It has typically been the higher than average participation of local women that has driven the local rate above that of the province.



Source: Census Data, Statistics Canada, 2006

Examining how the local core working age population compared to provincial counterparts in 2006, the greatest difference was seen in the lower than average share of local visible minorities participating in the labour force.

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